

Redaman Hujan

Hitung Redaman Hujan Terrestrial

1. Tetapkan nilai a dan b sesuai polarisasi dan frekuensi kerja, dari tabel

2. Cari laju curah hujan R sesuai daerah pada tabel curah hujan

3. Hitung $A = a R^b$ [dB/Km]

4. Hitung faktor reduksi $r = \frac{1}{1 + (d/d_o)}$

d : panjang lintasan radio [Km] $d_o = 35e^{-0,015R_{0,01}}$ [Km]

$R_{0,01} > 100 \text{ mm/h}$ digunakan $R_{0,01} = 100 \text{ mm/h}$

5. Hitung redaman lintasan $A_{0,01} = A d r$ [dB]

6. Untuk prosentasi waktu lainnya :

$$\frac{A_p}{A_{0,01}} = 0,12 p^{-(0,546+0,043 \log p)} \quad [\text{dB}]$$

TABLE 9.2 Regression Coefficient Values for Estimating Specific Attenuation in Equation (9.2)^a

Frequency (GHz)	a_h	a_v	b_h	b_v
1	0.0000387	0.0000352	0.912	0.880
2	0.000154	0.000138	0.963	0.923
4	0.000650	0.000591	1.121	1.075
6	0.00175	0.00155	1.308	1.265
7	0.00301	0.00265	1.332	1.312
8	0.00454	0.00395	1.327	1.310
10	0.0101	0.00887	1.276	1.264
12	0.0188	0.0168	1.217	1.200
15	0.0367	0.0335	1.154	1.128
20	0.0751	0.0691	1.099	1.065
25	0.124	0.113	1.061	1.030
30	0.187	0.167	1.021	1.000
35	0.263	0.233	0.979	0.963
40	0.350	0.310	0.939	0.929
45	0.442	0.393	0.903	0.897
50	0.536	0.479	0.873	0.868
60	0.707	0.642	0.826	0.824
70	0.851	0.784	0.793	0.793
80	0.975	0.906	0.769	0.769
90	1.06	0.999	0.753	0.754
100	1.12	1.06	0.743	0.744
120	1.18	1.13	0.731	0.732
150	1.31	1.27	0.710	0.711
200	1.45	1.42	0.689	0.690
300	1.36	1.35	0.688	0.689
400	1.32	1.31	0.683	0.684

Source: Table 1, ITU-R Rec. 838-4, 2005 (Ref. 9).

Peta daerah hujan oleh CCIR [1988 ITU]

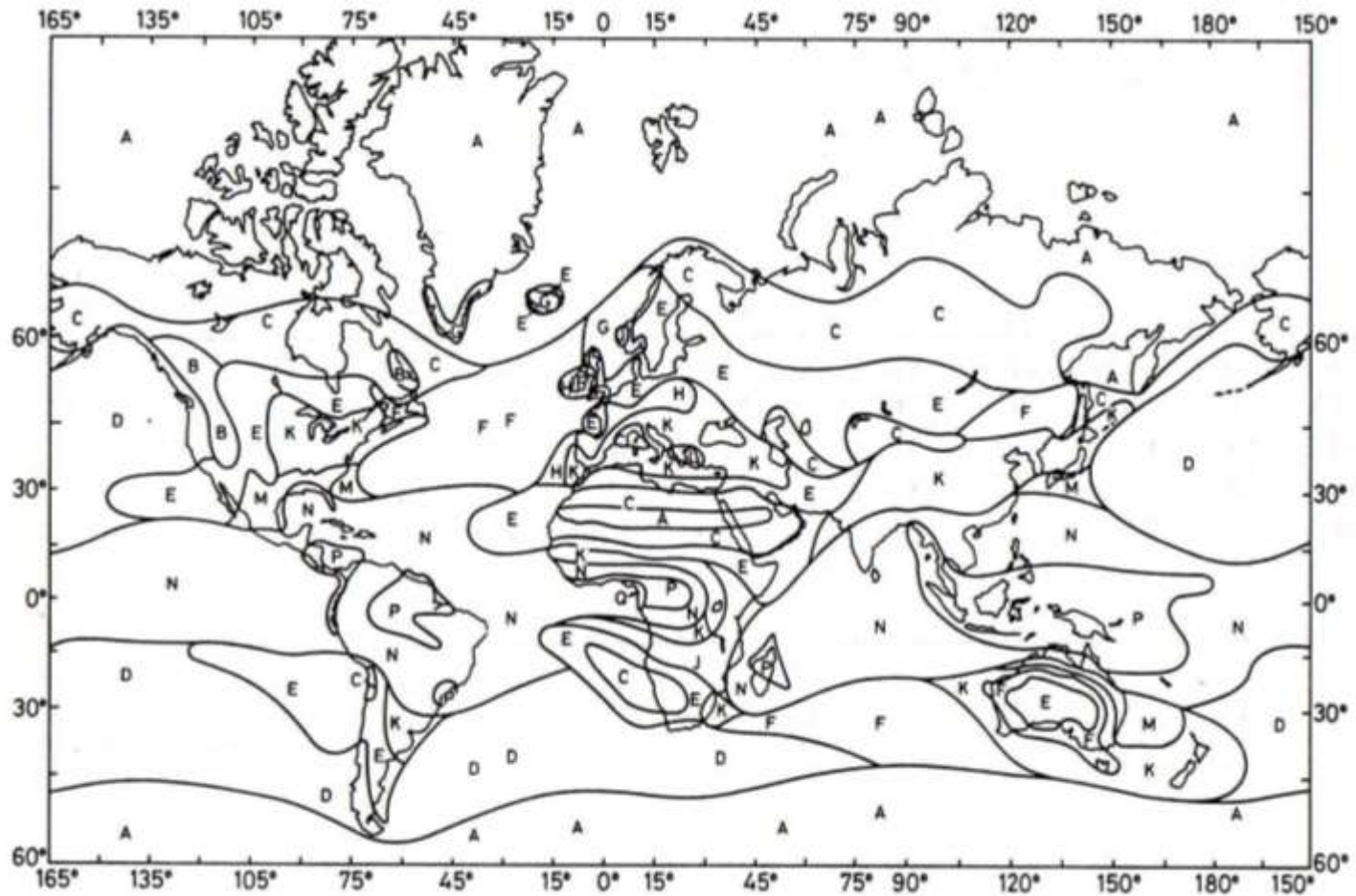


TABLE 9.3 Rain Climatic Zones—Rainfall Intensity Exceeded (mm/h)
 (See Figures 9.4, 9.5, and 9.6 for Rain Regions)

Percentage of Time (%)	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	J	K	L	M	N	P	Q
1.0	< 0.1	0.5	0.7	2.1	0.6	1.7	3	2	8	1.5	2	4	5	12	24
0.3	0.8	2	2.8	4.5	2.4	4.5	7	4	13	4.2	7	11	15	34	49
0.1	2	3	5	8	6	8	12	10	20	12	15	22	35	65	72
0.03	5	6	9	13	12	15	20	18	28	23	33	40	65	105	96
0.01	8	12	15	19	22	28	30	32	35	42	60	63	95	145	115
0.003	14	21	26	29	41	54	45	55	45	70	105	95	140	200	142
0.001	22	32	42	42	70	78	65	83	55	100	150	120	180	250	170

Source: Table 1, ITU-R Rec. PN.837-4 (Ref. 11).